



# BALUNI CLASSES

(CHOICE OF THE GENIUS)

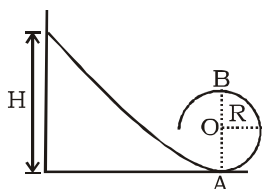
(For NEET-UG Entrance Exams 2020)

Mock Test - 1

[FULL SYLLABUS]

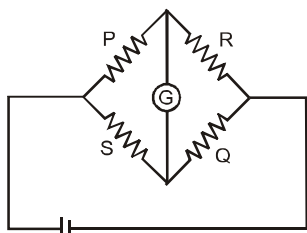
Date : 09.04.2020

1. The figure shows a ball from height  $H$  comes a slope and moves along a circular track of radius  $R$  without falling vertically downwards. Neglecting the friction, the minimum height from which the ball should be released is :

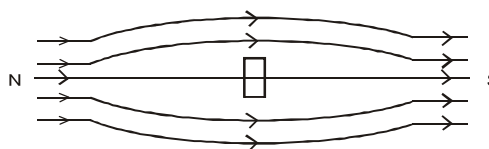


- (a)  $\frac{3}{2}R$     (b)  $\frac{1}{2}R$     (c)  $\frac{5}{2}R$     (d)  $\frac{7}{2}R$

2. A system is provided with 200 cal of heat and the work done by the system on the surrounding is 40J. Then its internal energy :  
 (a) Increases by 600 J    (b) Decreases by 800 J  
 (c) Increases by 800 J    (d) Decreases by 50 J
3. Rotational K.E. of a body is 10 J. If its angular momentum vector coincides with the axis of rotation and its moment of inertia about this axis is 8 gm-cm<sup>2</sup>, the angular momentum of the body will be :  
 (a)  $3 \times 10^{-3}$  kg-m/s    (b)  $4 \times 10^{-4}$  kg-m/s  
 (c)  $4 \times 10^{-3}$  kg-m/s    (d)  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  kg-m/s
4. Electric field of an isolated metallic sphere at any interior point is :  
 (a) zero    (b) One  
 (c) Proportional to field    (d) None of these
5. A small drop of water falls from rest through large height  $h$  in air its final velocity is :  
 (a) Proportional to  $\sqrt{h}$   
 (b) Proportional to  $h$   
 (c) Inversely proportional to  $h$   
 (d) Almost independent of  $h$
6. In the circuit given, the correct relation of a balanced Wheatstone bridge is :

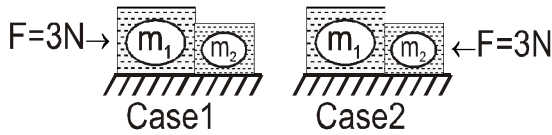


- (a)  $P/Q = R/S$     (b)  $P/Q = S/R$   
 (c)  $P/s = R/Q$     (d)  $P/R = Q/S$
7. A spherical soap bubble of air in a glass slab will act as a :  
 (a) Converging lens  
 (b) Diverging lens  
 (c) zero power lens  
 (d) non-refracting medium
8. The given figure represents a material which is



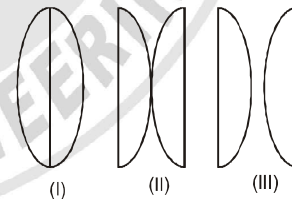
- (a) Paramagnetic    (b) Diamagnetic  
 (c) Ferromagnetic    (d) None of these
9. A system is in thermodynamic equilibrium when it is in :  
 (a) Thermal equilibrium  
 (b) Mechanical equilibrium  
 (c) Chemical equilibrium  
 (d) Thermal, mechanical and chemical equilibria
10. A spring with spring constant  $K$  when stretched through 1 cm the potential energy is  $U$ . If it is stretched by 4 cm, the potential energy will be :  
 (a)  $4 U$     (b)  $8 U$   
 (c)  $16 U$     (d)  $2 U$
11. A wave is described by  $y = 0.01 \cos \left( 200\pi t - \frac{2\pi x}{3.3} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$  At any instant, the phase difference between points  $x_1 = 2.0$  m and  $x_2 = 3.65$  m is :  
 (a) 0    (b)  $\pi/2$   
 (c)  $\pi$     (d)  $\pi/4$
12. A spring with spring constant  $K$  is extended from  $X = 0$  to  $X = X_1$ . The work done will be :  
 (a)  $KX_1^2$     (b)  $\frac{1}{2} KX_1^2$   
 (c)  $2KX_1^2$     (d)  $2KX_1$
13. In given figure two blocks  $m_1 (= 2.0\text{kg})$  and  $m_2$

(= 1.0 kg) are in contact over a frictionless table. The force of contact between them in case 1 and case 2 will respectively be :



- (a) 3N, 3N (b) 2N, 2N  
(c) 2N, 1N (d) 1N, 2N
14. The resistor of resistance 'R' is connected to 25 V supply and heat produced in it is 25 J/sec. The value of R is :  
(a) 225  $\Omega$  (b) 1  $\Omega$  (c) 25  $\Omega$  (d) 50  $\Omega$
15. Two bulbs of resistance 40  $\Omega$  and 200 $\Omega$  are in series in a circuit being fed from the mains. If one of these bulbs is removed, the light in the room will :  
(a) decrease  
(b) Increase  
(c) Not change  
(d) Increase with 200  $\Omega$  bulb but decrease with 40  $\Omega$  bulb in the circuit
16. ECE of Cu and Ag are  $7 \times 10^{-6}$  and  $1.2 \times 10^{-6}$ . A certain current deposits 14 gm of Cu. Amount of Ag deposited is :  
(a) 1.2 gm (b) 1.6 gm (c) 2.4 gm (d) 1.8 gm
17. The e.m.f. of a thermocouple, one junction of which is kept at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , is given by  $e = at + bt^2$ . The neutral temperature will be :  
(a)  $a/b$  (b)  $-a/b$   
(c)  $a/2b$  (d)  $-a/2b$
18. In a progressive wave, the distance between 2 consecutive crests is :  
(a)  $\lambda/2$  (b)  $\lambda$   
(c)  $(3/2)\lambda$  (d)  $2\lambda$
19. A heater of 220 V heats a volume of water in 5 minute. A similar heater at 110V will heat the same volume of water through same temperature difference in :  
(a) 5 minute (b) 8 minute  
(c) 10 minute (d) 20 minute
20. Which has not the same unit as others ?  
(a) Watt sec (b) kWh  
(c) eV (d) J sec
21. A ring type flywheel of mass 100 kg and diameter 2m is rotating at the rate of  $300/\pi$  rpm. Consider the following statements about it :  
1. The moment of inertia of the flywheel is 100  $\text{kgm}^2$   
2. The kinetic energy of rotation is 10 kJ  
3. The flywheel if subjected to a retarding torque

- of 200 Nm, will come to rest in 10s.
4. Its angular momentum is  $10^3 \text{ kg m}^2/\text{s}$  which of these statements is/are correct ?  
(a) 1 and 3 (b) 1 only  
(c) 2 and 4 (d) 1 and 4
22. Work done in the given cyclic process is :
- 
- (a)  $P_1V_1$  (b)  $3P_1V_1$   
(c)  $2P_1V_1$  (d) zero
23. A small object is placed at a distance of 15 cm from two thin convex lenses each of focal length 25 cm placed in contact. What will be distance between the object and the image ?  
(a) 75 cm (b) 60 cm  
(c) 90 cm (d) 100 cm
24. Two tubes A and B are in series. Radius of A is R and that of B is 2R. If water flows through A with velocity v then velocity of water through B is :  
(a)  $v/2$  (b) v (c)  $v/4$  (d)  $V/8$
25. Two identical plano-convex lenses can be combined in three ways as shown in the figure :

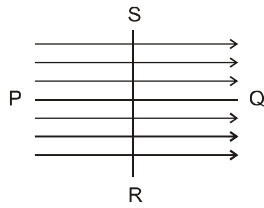


- The ratio of the focal lengths of these combinations will be :  
(a) 2 : 2 : 1 (b) 1 : 1 : 1  
(c) 1 : 2 : 2 (d) 2 : 1 : 1
26. When light travels from glass to air, the incident angle is  $\theta_1$  and the refracted angle is  $\theta_2$ . The true relation is :  
(a)  $\theta_1 = \theta_2$  (b)  $\theta_1 < \theta_2$   
(c)  $\theta_1 > \theta_2$  (d) Not predictable
27. Two wires of same material and radii r and 2r are welded end to end, the combined wire is used as a sonometer wire and stretched by tension T. The welding point is exactly midway the bridges of the sonometer. If during stationary vibrations, welding point is to

remain a node, the ratio of loops in two parts of the wire is :

- (a) 2 : 3      (b) 2 : 1      (c) 1 : 2      (d) 3 : 2

28. The points resembling equal potentials are :



- (a) P and Q                      (b) S and Q  
(c) S and R                      (d) P and R

29. The armature current in D.C. motor is maximum when the motor has :

- (a) Picked up the full speed  
(b) Just started  
(c) Intermediate speed  
(d) Just been switched off

30. A man of 60 kg is standing in lift which is moving down with an acceleration of 4.9 m/s<sup>2</sup>. What will be his weight ?

- (a) 90 kg                      (b) 60 kg  
(c) 30 kg                      (d) zero kg

31. A spherical drop of mercury having a potential of 2.5 volt is obtained as a result of merging 125 droplets. The potential of constituent droplets would be :

- (a) 0 volt                      (b) 0.1 volt  
(c) 1.1 volt                      (d) 11.0 volt

32. A solid ball of metal has a concentric spherical cavity within it. If the ball is heated, the volume of the cavity will :

- (a) Decreases                      (b) Increases  
(c) Unaffected                      (d) None of these

33. An X-ray machine is operated at 40 kV. The shorter wavelength limit of continuous x-rays will be :

- (a) 0.40 Å                      (b) 0.31 Å  
(c) 0.66 Å                      (d) 1.0 Å

34. A current carrying coil is placed parallel to N-S direction. Let horizontal component of earth's magnetic field be H<sub>0</sub> and magnetic field inside the loop is H. If a magnet is suspended inside the loop, it makes angle θ with H. Then θ =

- (a)  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{H_0}{H}\right)$                       (b)  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{H}{H_0}\right)$   
(c)  $\operatorname{cosec}^{-1}\left(\frac{H}{H_0}\right)$                       (d)  $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{H_0}{H}\right)$

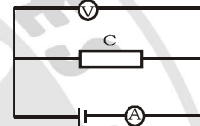
35. A source emits a sound of frequency 400 Hz, but the listener hears it to be of 390 Hz, then :

- (a) Listener is moving towards the source  
(b) Source is moving towards the listener  
(c) The listener is moving away from the source  
(d) There is no relative velocity between the source and the listener

36. 3 capacitors 2, 3 and 6 μF are joined with each other. What is the minimum effective capacitance ?

- (a) (1/2) μF                      (b) 1 μF  
(c) 2 μF                      (d) 3 μF

37. In the figure, the reading of ammeter A is not zero, while that of voltmeter V is zero. The substance C is :



- (a) A semiconductor                      (b) An insulator  
(c) A superconductor                      (d) A semi-metal

38. In an inductor of inductance L = 100 mH. A current of I = 10 A is flowing. The energy stored in the inductor is :

- (a) 5 J                      (b) 10 J  
(c) 100 J                      (d) 1000 J

39. Three vectors  $\vec{A}, \vec{B}$  and  $\vec{C}$  satisfy the relation  $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$  and  $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{C} = 0$ . Vector  $\vec{A}$  is parallel to :

- (a)  $\vec{B}$                       (b)  $\vec{C}$   
(c)  $\vec{B} \cdot \vec{C}$                       (d)  $\vec{B} \times \vec{C}$

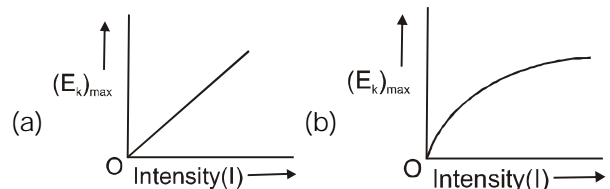
40. For effective nuclear forces, the distance should be :

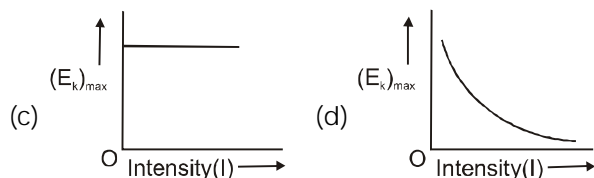
- (a) 10<sup>-10</sup> m                      (b) 10<sup>-13</sup> m  
(c) 10<sup>-15</sup> m                      (d) 10<sup>-20</sup> m

41. In a transformer, the no. of turns in primary and secondary are 500 and 2000 respectively. If current in primary is 48 A, the current in the secondary is :

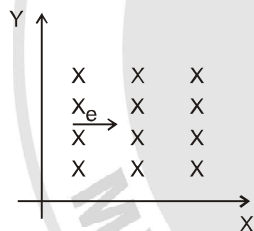
- (a) 12 A                      (b) 24 A  
(c) 48 A                      (d) 144 A

42. Which one of the following graphs represents correctly the variation of  $(E_k)_{\max}$  with intensity I of the incident radiations having a constant frequency ?

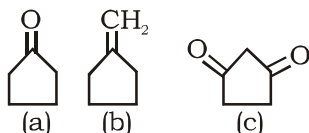




43. In an open organ pipe,.....wave is present .  
 (a) Transverse standing wave  
 (b) Longitudinal standing wave  
 (c) Longitudinal moving wave  
 (d) Transverse moving wave
44. The decay constant of a radioactive sample is  $\lambda$ . The half life and the mean life of the sample will be respectively  
 (a)  $\frac{1}{\lambda}$  and  $\frac{\log_e 2}{\lambda}$   
 (b)  $\frac{\log_e 2}{\lambda}$  and  $\frac{1}{\lambda}$   
 (c)  $\lambda (\log_e 2)$  and  $1/\lambda$   
 (d)  $\frac{\lambda}{\log_e 2}$  and  $\frac{1}{\lambda}$
45. In the given figure, the electron enters into the magnetic field. It deflects in .....direction.



- (a) +ve X direction (b) -ve X direction  
 (c) +ve Y direction (d) -ve Y direction
46. Equilibrium constant for the dissociation of  $\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+$  into  $\text{Ag}^+$  and  $\text{NH}_3$  is  $6 \times 10^{-6}$ . Calculate  $E^0$  for the following half reaction  
 $\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+ + \text{C}^- \rightarrow \text{Ag} + 2\text{NH}_3$   
 $(E^0_{\text{Ag}^+/\text{Ag}} = 0.799\text{V}, \log 6 = 0.7781)$   
 (a) 0.372 (b) 0.799  
 (c) 0.7781 (d) 0.6
47. Mg burns in air to give :  
 (a) MgO (b)  $\text{Mg}_3\text{N}_2$   
 (c)  $\text{MgCO}_3$  (d) Both (A) and (B)
48. Slag obtained during extraction of copper from pyrites is composed mainly of :  
 (a)  $\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$  (b)  $\text{FeSiO}_3$   
 (c)  $\text{CuSiO}_3$  (d)  $\text{SiO}_2$
49. Arrange in decreasing acidity order :



- (a)  $c > b > a$  (b)  $c > a > b$   
 (c)  $a > b > c$  (d)  $a > c > b$
50. Bond energy of  $\text{N} \equiv \text{N}$ ,  $\text{H}-\text{H}$ ,  $\text{N}-\text{H}$  are  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  respectively. The  $\Delta H$  for reaction  
 $2\text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2$  is  
 (a)  $6c - 3b - a$  (b)  $6c + 3b + a$   
 (c)  $c + 6b - a$  (d)  $6c + b - 3a$
51. In the titration of  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  and ferrous sulphate following data are given :  
 $V_1$  ml of 1.0 M  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  requires  $V_2$  ml of 1.0 M  $\text{FeSO}_4$ . The true relation is :  
 (a)  $6V_1N_1 = V_2N_2$  (b)  $V_1N_1 = 6V_2N_2$   
 (c)  $V_1N_1 = V_2N_2$  (d) None of these
52. All the following decompose on heating to given  $\text{O}_2$  except :  
 (a)  $\text{HgO}$  (b)  $\text{MnO}_2$   
 (c)  $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  (d)  $\text{NaNO}_3$
53. Pure water dissociates to a small extent as Per  
 $2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_3\text{O}^+_{(\text{aq})} + \text{OH}^-_{(\text{aq})}$   
 The pH of pure water at 298 K is 7 what is pH at 310 K ?  
 (a) 0 (b)  $< 7$   
 (c)  $> 7$  (d) 7
54. White vitriol is isomorphous with :  
 (a)  $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$  (b) Oil of vitriol  
 (c) Blue vitriol (d) Green vitriol
55. In natural radioactive disintegration U-238 emits one alpha and two beta and then five alpha particles successively. The end product is :  
 (a)  $\frac{210}{82}\text{Pb}$  (b)  $\frac{212}{82}\text{Pb}$   
 (c)  $\frac{214}{82}\text{Pb}$  (d)  $\frac{200}{82}\text{Pb}$
56. The presence of air bubble in blood stream is dangerous to life because :  
 (a) Air combines with blood forming a complex  
 (b) The flow of blood increases manifolds due to concentration of surface active substance at blood air interface  
 (c) Flow of blood is obstructed due to concentration of surface active substance at blood air interface  
 (d) None of these
57. The electronic configuration of P in  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$  is :  
 (a)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^3$  (b)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2$   
 (c)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6$   
 (d)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^1$
58. The true statements from the followings are :  
 1.  $\text{PH}_5$  and  $\text{BiCl}_5$  do not exist



2.  $p\pi-d\pi$  bond is present in  $\text{SO}_2$
3. Electron travel at the speed of light
4.  $\text{SeF}_4$  and  $\text{CH}_4$  have same shape
5.  $\text{I}_3^+$  has a bent geometry  
 (a) 1, 3 (b) 1, 2, 5  
 (c) 1, 3, 5 (d) 1, 2, 4
59. Volume of 95%  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (density =  $1.85 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ) needed to prepare  $100 \text{ cm}^3$  of 15% solution of  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (density =  $1.10 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ) will be :  
 (a) 5 c.c. (b) 7.5 c.c.  
 (c) 9.4 c.c. (d) 12.4 c.c.
60. The freezing point of 0.1 m solution of glucose is  $-1.86^\circ\text{C}$ . If an equal volume of 0.3m glucose solution is added, the freezing point of mixture will be :  
 (a)  $-7.44^\circ\text{C}$  (b)  $-5.58^\circ\text{C}$   
 (c)  $-3.72^\circ\text{C}$  (d)  $-2.79^\circ\text{C}$
61. Number of C = C bonds in anthracene is :  
 (a) 5 (b) 3  
 (c) 9 (d) 7
62. What should be the  $\Delta H_f^\circ$  of  $\text{OH}^-$  ion if the standard enthalpy of formation of liquid water is  $-68.31 \text{ k cal}$  and  $\Delta H_f^\circ(\text{H}^+) = 0$  [Given standard enthalpy of neutralisation of strong base is  $-13.7 \text{ k cal}$ ]  
 (a)  $-16.54 \text{ k cal}$  (b)  $-54.61 \text{ k cal}$   
 (c)  $65.41 \text{ k cal}$  (d)  $61.54 \text{ k cal}$
63. What will be the value of vander waals constant 'a' for 1 mole  $\text{CO}_2$ , present in 0.5 litre at 323 K of compressibility factor 0.822 and  $b = 0.043 \text{ litre/mole}$  ?  
 (a)  $3.6 \text{ atm litre}^{-2}$  (b)  $1.8 \text{ litre}^{-2} \text{ atm}$   
 (c)  $0.9 \text{ atm litre}^{-2}$  (d)  $7.2 \text{ atm litre}^{-2}$
64. Which on heating with NaOH gives inflammable gas ?  
 (a) s (b) Zn  
 (c)  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  (d)  $\text{I}_2$
65. Ozonolysis of  gives :  
 (a) Butane-1, 4-dione (b) Butane-1, 4 diol  
 (c) Butanoic acid (d) None of these
66. Identify the indicator that is used to titrate  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  solution with HCl :  
 (a) Phenolphthalein (b) Dil.  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$   
 (c) Methyl orange (d) None of these
67. Ammonium compound, which on heating does not give  $\text{NH}_3$ , is :  
 (a)  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$  (b)  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_2$   
 (c)  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$  (d)  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$
68. For the reaction in aqueous solution  
 $\text{Zn}^{2+} + \text{X}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ZnX}^+$  the  $K_{\text{eq}}$  is greatest when X is :  
 (a)  $\text{F}^-$  (b)  $\text{NO}_3^-$   
 (c)  $\text{ClO}_4^-$  (d)  $\text{I}^-$
69. Hot conc.  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  in presence of Hg is used to prepare phthalic anhydride from :  
 (a) Benzene (b) Toluene  
 (c) Naphthalene (d) Phenol
70. 1.0 mole of  $\text{XY}_{(\text{g})}$  and 0.2 mole of  $\text{Y}_{(\text{g})}$  are mixed in a 1.0 litre vessel. At equilibrium 0.6 mole of  $\text{Y}_{(\text{g})}$  are present. The  $K_{\text{C}}$  for reaction  
 $\text{XY}_{(\text{g})} \rightleftharpoons \text{X}_{(\text{g})} + \text{Y}_{(\text{g})}$  is :  
 (a) 0.04 mole litre $^{-1}$  (b) 0.06 mole litre $^{-1}$   
 (c) 0.36 mole litre $^{-1}$  (d) 0.40 mole litre $^{-1}$
71. Zeolites are :  
 (a) Water softener (b) Catalyst  
 (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
72. An ester (1) with molecular formula  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$  was treated with excess of  $\text{CH}_3\text{MgBr}$  and the complex so formed was treated with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  to give an olefin (2) Ozonolysis of (2) gave a ketone with formula  $\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}$  which show positive iodoform test. The structure of (1) is :  
 (a)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5$   
 (b)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COOC}_6\text{H}_5$   
 (c)  $\text{H}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{COC}_6\text{H}_5$   
 (d)  $\text{P} - \text{H}_3\text{CO} - \text{C}_6\text{H}_4 - \text{COCH}_3$
73. Fog is an example of colloidal system of :  
 (a) Liquid dispersed in gas  
 (b) Gas dispersed in gas  
 (c) Solid dispersed in gas  
 (d) Solid dispersed in liquid
74. During the process of photosynthesis in plants oxygen comes from :  
 (a) Carbon dioxide  
 (b) Water  
 (c) From both (a) and (b)  
 (d) None of these
75. Magnetic moment of 1.73 B.M. will be shown by :  
 (a)  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$  (b)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$   
 (c)  $\text{TiCl}_4$  (d)  $[\text{CoCl}_3]^{4-}$
76. Which of the following halogens does not undergo disproportionation reaction on treatment with alkali ?  
 (a)  $\text{F}_2$  (b)  $\text{Cl}_2$   
 (c)  $\text{Br}_2$  (d)  $\text{I}_2$
77. The ortho-para directing group is :  
 (a)  $\text{COOH}$  (b)  $\text{CN}$

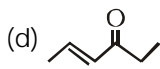
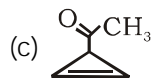
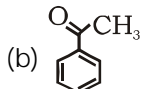
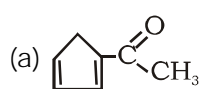
- (c)  $\text{COCH}_3$  (d)  $\text{NHCOCH}_3$
78. The compound which does not respond to ring test is :  
 (a)  $\text{NaNO}_3$  (b)  $\text{KNO}_3$   
 (c)  $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  (d)  $\text{LiNO}_3$
79. All lanthanide elements show +3 oxidation state in general. Cerium can show the oxidation state of +4 because :  
 (a) It resembles alkali metals  
 (b) It has very low value of ionisation energy  
 (c) Of its tendency to attain noble gas configuration of Xenon  
 (d) Of its tendency to attain  $f^0$  configuration
80. 0.1 millimole of  $\text{CdSO}_4$  are present in 10 ml acid solution of 0.08 N HCl.  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  is passed to precipitate all  $\text{Cd}^{2+}$  ions. The pH of solution after filtering off precipitate boiling of  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  and making solution 100 ml by adding water will be :  
 (a) 1 (b) 2  
 (c) 3 (d) Data insufficient
81. If 201 persons are sitting in a row AB and if we release  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  from side A and tear gas (molecular wt. 176) from side B than which person will have tendency to laugh and weep simultaneously ? ( $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  is laughing gas)  
 (a) 151st from A (b) 67th from A  
 (c) 134th from A (d) 134th from B

82. The transformation



can be brought about by reducing reactant :

- (a)  $\text{LiAlH}_4$  (b) Zn - Hg, conc. HCl  
 (c)  $\text{NaBH}_4$  (d) Both (A) and (C)
83. Which of the following is most acidic ?



84. Pick out the incorrect statement :  
 (a)  $\text{BO}_3^{2-}$  ion is triangular planar in which Boron is  $\text{sp}^2$  hybridise  
 (b) Boric acid contains planar triangular  $\text{BO}_3^{2-}$  units which are bonded together through hydrogen bonds in two dimensional sheets  
 (c) Borazine is isoelectronic with Benzene. In both compounds  $\pi$  electrons are delocalised

- (d) Structure of Boron nitride resembles that of diamond
85. At low pressure vander Waals equation for 3 moles of real gas will have its simplified form :

(a)  $\frac{PV}{RT + Pb} = 3$  (b)  $\frac{PV}{RT - \frac{a}{V}} = 3$

(c)  $\frac{PV}{RT + 3Pb} = 1$  (d)  $\frac{PV}{RT - \frac{3a}{V}} = 3$

86. In thermodynamics, a process is called reversible when :  
 (a) surrounding and system interchange  
 (b) There is no boundary between system and surrounding  
 (c) The surroundings are always in equilibrium with system  
 (d) system changes into surrounding spontaneously
87.  $\text{Ag}^+$  forms many complexes like  $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+$   $[\text{Ag}(\text{CN})_2]^-$   $[\text{Ag}(\text{S}_2\text{O}_3)_2]^{3-}$ . Which of the following is true ?  
 (a) In these complexes,  $\text{Ag}^+$  acts as lewis base  
 (b) Hybridisation of  $\text{Ag}^+$  is  $\text{sp}^2$   
 (c)  $\text{Ag}^+$  complexes are good reducing agents  
 (d) all complexes are linear
88. Hybridizations of boron in Borax are :  
 (a) sp, sp2 (b) sp, sp3  
 (c) sp2, sp3 (d) sp2, sp2
89. The rate of elementary reaction :  
 $2\text{NO} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NO}_2$   
 when the volume of reaction vessel is doubled :  
 (a) will be 8 times of its initial rate  
 (b) Can't be determined with given data  
 (c) Will be 4 times of its initial value  
 (d) Reduced to 1/8 of its initial rate
90. The metal which is used to extract metallic gold from  $\text{Au}(\text{CN})_2^-$  :  
 (a) Al (b) Na  
 (c) Zn (d) Cu
91. Which of the following plant (fruit) bears oblique septa and swollen placenta ?  
 (a) Tagetes erectus  
 (b) Helianthus annuus  
 (c) Triticum aestivum  
 (d) Cestrum nocturnum
92. Rauwolfia serpentina is a medicinal plant which belong to the family :  
 (a) Compositae (b) Solanaceae  
 (c) Apocynaceae (d) Liliaceae

93. Which of the following plants lacks Rhizobium containing root nodules ?  
 (a) Phaseolus (b) Pisum sativum  
 (c) Cicer arietinum (d) Pinus roxburghii
94. Active absorption of water by roots from soil is mainly affected by :  
 (a) Osmotic concentration of cell sap  
 (b) Tension of cell sap due to transpiration  
 (c) Sucking power of the root hairs  
 (d) Typical tissue organisation
95. the preparation of recombinant DNA (rDNA) requires :  
 (a) Reductase enzyme  
 (b) DNA polymerase  
 (c) Restriction enzymes  
 (d) RNA polymerase
96. The scientist credited for discovery of purification of  $O_2$  in light by green plants is :  
 (a) De assure (b) Ingen Hauz  
 (c) Priestley (d) Mayer
97. Which of the followign is a basic unit for understanding taxonomy as well as evolution ?  
 (a) Family (b) Genus  
 (c) Species (d) Order
98. Heterocysts of Nostoc are specialized for :  
 (a) Photorespiration and photosynthesis  
 (b) Nitrogen fixation  
 (c) Sexual reproduction  
 (d) All of the above
99. The kind of climax community in an area depends mostly on the area's :  
 (a) Climate  
 (b) Pool of available colonists  
 (c) Bedrock  
 (d) Soil organisms
100. The core of nucleosome is made up of :  
 (a)  $H_1, H_2A, H_2B, H_3$  (b)  $H_1, H_2A, H_2B, H_4$   
 (c)  $H_2, H_2A, H_2B, H_4$  (d)  $H_2A, H_2B, H_3, H_4$
101. Plaques in human arteries are formed due to :  
 (a) protein (b) Prothrombin  
 (c) Cholesterol (d) Cold water
102. Which of the following eye defect can not be corrected ?  
 (a) Myopia (b) Hypermetropia  
 (c) Colour blindness (d) Asitgmatism
103. Alleles occur on a homologous pair of chromosomes at a particular location that is called :  
 (a) Gene shifting (b) Gene order  
 (c) Gene locus (d) All of the above
104. Which of the following features of DNA makes it uniquely suited to store and transmit information from generation to generation ?  
 (a) Complementation of the two strands  
 (b) double helix  
 (c) Number of base-pairs per turn  
 (d) Sugar-phosphate backbone
105. Imaginal disc is found in :  
 (a) Clitellum of earthworm  
 (b) Tail of amphibians  
 (c) Abdomen of fish  
 (d) Thorax of certain insect larvae
106. Which of the following is not a chemical messenger ?  
 (a) Pheromone (b) Hormone  
 (c) Acetylcholine (d) Enterokinase
107. In house fly (*Musca domestica*) the pseudo tracheae are formed by :  
 (a) Labellum (b) Haustellum  
 (c) Rostrum (d) Basiproboscis
108. The initial first menstrual cycle of a young girl is called :  
 (a) Menopause (b) Protogyny  
 (c) Menarche (d) None of the above
109. Which of the following systems contribute to the homeostasis ?  
 (a) Nervous system and endocrine system  
 (b) Respiratory system and nervous system  
 (c) Digestive system and excretory system  
 (d) All of the above
110. Philtrum in humans is a part of :  
 (a) Chin (b) Pinna  
 (c) Upper lip (d) Lower lip
111. Which of the following part of human body acts as primary relay station for sensation ?  
 (a) Thalamus (b) Medulla  
 (c) Pons (d) Hypothalamus
112. Which of the following is related with the disorder 'River blindness' ?  
 (a) Elephantiasis  
 (b) onchocerciasis  
 (c) Trypanosomiasis (d) None of these
113. Which of the following snakes is viviparous ?  
 (a) Krait (b) Python  
 (c) Viper dryophis (d) King cobra
114. Nucleus is not lobed in :  
 (a) Eosinophils (b) Monocytes  
 (c) Basophils (d) Neutrophils
115. Which of the following scientists discovered 'jumping genes' ?  
 (a) Barbara McClintock  
 (b) Hugo de Vries  
 (c) T.H. Morgan  
 (d) C.B. Bridges

116. Which part of DNA makes up genetic code ?  
 (a) sugars (b) Phosphates  
 (c) Base sequences (d) All the above
117. Which of the following is a steroid ?  
 (a) Cholesterol  
 (b) Thyroid hormone  
 (c) Fatty acid and esters  
 (d) Vitamin A and Vitamin C
118. Loss of hairs from the head of young humans is called :  
 (a) Alochia (b) Alopecia  
 (c) Sipecia (d) None of these
119. Translation of proteins requires :  
 (a) t-RNA (b) m-RNA  
 (c) r-RNA (d) All of the above
120. Which type of endoplasmic reticulum (ER) lacks ribosomes and is involved in the synthesis of steroid hormones ?  
 (a) Rough ER (b) Smooth ER  
 (c) Both (A) and (B) (d) None of these
121. Which of the following does not pertain to Bcells  
 (a) Specific receptors  
 (b) synthesizing and liberating antibodies  
 (c) Have passed through the thymus  
 (d) Antibody-mediated antibody
122. Mammalian cervical vertebrae can be identified by the presence of :  
 (a) Odontoid process (b) Transverse process  
 (c) Large neural canals  
 (d) Amphiplatyon centrum
123. Anaemia caused by inability of red bone marrow to produce red blood cells is called :  
 (a) Haemorrhagic anaemia  
 (b) Aplastic anaemia  
 (c) Pernicious anaemia  
 (d) Nutritional anaemia
124. Hellin's law is related with :  
 (a) Twins (b) Eye defect  
 (c) Helminth infection (d) Hearing defect
125. the 'precipitin test' is performed to detect :  
 (a) Lipids (b) Fats  
 (c) Specific antigen (d) Carbohydrates
126. Which of these acts as photoreceptor in Euglena ?  
 (a) Stigma (b) Paraflagellar body  
 (c) paramylum (d) Both (a) and (b)
127. The gametes in sponges develop from :  
 (a) Myocytes (b) amoebocytes  
 (c) Choanocytes (d) Archeocytes
128. Paneth cells are found in :  
 (a) Spleen (b) Pancreas  
 (c) Crypts of lieberkuhn (d) Brain
129. 'OSCP' is an abbreviated form of :  
 (a) Oligomycin sensitivity conferring proteins  
 (b) Oxytocin sensitive conferring protein  
 (c) Oxygen supply and carbon production  
 (d) Oxygen sensitive cell permeability
130. Which of the following snakes makes nest ?  
 (a) Viper (b) Krait  
 (c) King cobra (d) Coral snake
131. The enzyme pepsin is secreted from :  
 (a) Ileum (b) Jejunum  
 (c) Duodenum (d) Stomach
132. An abnormal decrease in total number of WBCs is called :  
 (a) Leukocytopenia (b) Leukocytopenia  
 (c) Leukocytosis (d) Leukocytopenia
133. Axis vertebra can be identified by :  
 (a) Centrum (b) Olecranon process  
 (c) Sigmoid notch (d) Odontoid process
134. Parasites which can live only as parasites and hence die with the death of the host, are called :  
 (a) Obligatory (b) Facultative  
 (c) Pathogenic (d) Incidental
135. The endoplasm of Paramecium includes :  
 (a) Golgi bodies (b) Ribosomes  
 (c) Mitochondria (d) All of the above
136. Cardiac output is determined by :  
 (a) Heart rate (b) Stoke volume  
 (c) Both (a) and (b)  
 (d) None of these
137. Fat, cholesterol and fat-soluble vitamins in blood are transported by :  
 (a) Beta globulins (b) Alpha globulins  
 (c) Both (A) and (B) (d) None of the above
138. When the individual's genotype is XXX, he is affected by :  
 (a) Metafemale syndrome  
 (b) Turner's syndrome  
 (c) Klinefelter's syndrome  
 (d) Down's syndrome
139. Intestinal gas is the product of :  
 (a) Vitamin fermentation  
 (b) Irritated intestinal cells  
 (c) Undigested food  
 (d) Untestinal bacteria
140. Which of these is breast-bone ?  
 (a) Clavicle (b) Scapula  
 (c) Sternum (d) Patella
141. Natural silk fibre is :  
 (a) Protein (b) Polyester  
 (c) Polyacids (d) Polysaccharide
142. In teh eye donation, which part of eye is transplanted from the donor ?



- (a) Cornea (b) Lens  
(c) Retina (d) The whole eye
143. Blind, thread-like excretory tubes near the proximal end of insect hidgut are called :  
(a) Tentacles (b) Antennae  
(c) Spiracles (d) Malpighian tubules
144. Which of these is a clamworm ?  
(a) Eathworm (b) Nereis  
(c) Hook worm (d) Filarial worm
145. Bubo is associated with :  
(a) Blood plasma (b) Lymph node  
(c) Medulla oblongata (d) Blood serum
146. Which of the following is retroperitoneal ?  
(a) Kidneys (b) Spleen  
(c) Testes (d) Lungs
147. Paneth cells are found in :  
(a) Brain (b) spleen  
(c) Crypts of Lieberkuhn  
(d) Pancreas
148. Ring chromosomes can produce :  
(a) cat-eye syndrome  
(b) Cri-du-chat syndrome  
(c) Jacob's syndrome  
(d) Edward's syndrome
149. Human vertebral column shows :  
(a) Thoracic curvature  
(b) Lumbar and sacral curvature  
(c) Cervical curvature (d) All of the above
150. The dark band of a muscle is :  
(a) Isotropic band (b) Anisotropic band  
(c) Henson band (d) None of these
151. Match Column A (different shape of leaf) with Column B (Different exmples in which they are found) then select the correct answer from the options given below :
- | Column A       |     | Column B      |     |
|----------------|-----|---------------|-----|
| (a) Acicular   |     | 1. Nerium     |     |
| (b) Oblong     |     | 2. Betel vine |     |
| (c) Lanceolate |     | 3. Pine       |     |
| (d) Cordate    |     | 4. Banana     |     |
| (a)            | (b) | (c)           | (d) |
| (a) 3          | 4   | 2             | 1   |
| (b) 4          | 3   | 2             | 1   |
| (c) 3          | 4   | 1             | 2   |
| (d) 2          | 3   | 4             | 1   |
152. Which plant material is best suited for the studying mitosis in classroom ?  
(a) Anthers (b) Root tips  
(c) Pieces of bark (d) All of the above
153. Which of the following niches is concerned with the trophic position of an organism ?  
(a) Habitat niche (b) Trophic niche  
(c) Multifactorial niche (d) Spatial niche
154. Colchicine inhibits :  
(a) Chromosome condensation  
(b) DNA replication  
(c) Organisation and formation of spindle elements  
(d) None of these
155. Water readily forms hydrgogen bonds to many other compounds, a property called :  
(a) Solvent (b) Hydrophilic  
(c) Solution (d) Adhesion
156. Which of the following kinds of plant fixes CO<sub>2</sub> by way of Crassulacean acid metabolism ?  
(a) Grass (b) Red alga  
(c) Oak tree (d) Cactus
157. Bulliform cells of isobilateral leaf are helpful in :  
(a) Absorption of infra-red light  
(b) rolling of leaves during drought and stress  
(c) Absorption fo moisture from the environment  
(d) Exchange of CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>
158. Which one of the following belongs to phanerogams ?  
(a) Pteris (b) Funaria  
(c) Sellaginella (d) An angiosperm
159. The oldest fossil cells resembled :  
(a) Red algae  
(b) Autotrophic bacteria  
(c) Amoeba  
(d) Heterotrophic bacteria
160. Hemophilus-influenzae causes :  
(a) Bronchitis  
(b) Influenzl meningitis  
(c) Meningitis  
(d) Whooping cough
161. any substance or mixture of substances which prevents, repels, destroys or mitigates any pest is said to be :  
(a) Epinasty (b) Seismonasty  
(c) Pesticide (d) Growth regulator
162. 'Late blight' of potato is caused by :  
(a) Albugo candida  
(b) Fusarium monifliforme  
(c) Phytophthora infestans  
(d) alternaria solani
163. Acid rain is due to increase in atmospheric concentration of :  
(a) Sodium sulphate and ammonia  
(b) Sulphur dioxide and nitrogen oxide  
(c) Ozone and chlorine  
(d) Salt and ammonium chloride
164. Who is known as father of indian mycology ?  
(a) C. V. Subramaniam (b) T. S. Sadasivan

- (c) E. J. Butler (d) K. C. Mehta
165. Who among the following wrote the famous book. 'The micrographia' ?  
 (a) darwin (b) Robert Hook  
 (c) De Lamarck (d) S. Miller
166. Heterothalmsm in plant is given by :  
 (a) Blackslee (b) Ruben and Kamen  
 (c) Haberlandt (d) Strasburger
167. Fungi spread from plant to plant, and from one place to another, primarily in the form of :  
 (a) Mycelia (b) Conidiophores  
 (c) Spores (d) Rhizoids
168. Which is not a characteristics feature in the life history of spirogyra ?  
 (a) Isogamous conjugation  
 (b) Fragmentation  
 (c) Zoospory  
 (d) None of these
169. Each aleurone grain is made up of a larger crystalline part called :  
 (a) Gliadin (b) Globoid  
 (c) Crystalloid (d) Amide
170. The peristome in Funaria consists of at maturity  
 (a) One series of curved narrow triangular teeth, 16 in number  
 (b) One series of curved narrow triangular teeth, 32 in number  
 (c) Two series of curved triangular teeth, 8 teeth in each series  
 (d) Two series of curved, narrow triangular teeth, 16 teeth in each series
171. Which of the following bases in place of thymine (T) is present in RNA ?  
 (a) Uracil (U) (b) Guanine (G)  
 (c) Adenine (A) (d) Cytosine (C)
172. In Dryopteris, the spermatozoids are :  
 (a) Multiflagellate spirally coiled  
 (b) Multiflagellate sickle shaped  
 (c) Biflagellate sickle shaped  
 (d) Biflagellate spirally coiled
173. Materials of biological origin which are commonly used to maintain and improve soil fertility are called :  
 (a) Nitrogenous fertilizers  
 (b) Biofertilizers  
 (c) Crop rotating instruments  
 (d) Manures
174. Which one is true for viruses ?  
 (a) In lytic cycle the virus is non-virulent  
 (b) In lysogenic cycle, the viral nucleic acid gets incorporated into host DNA and may remain silent for many generation  
 (c) The viral RNA is coated and it directs the synthesis of enzyme RNA replicase  
 (d) Lytic cycle is also called prophage or provirus
175. antiviral substance produced by many vertebrates in response to viral infection for resisting the multiplication of viruses is known as :  
 (a) Virion (b) Interferon  
 (c) Antivirin (d) Antigen
176. The growth in plants differ from growth in animals in :  
 (a) Being exogenously controlled  
 (b) Being localized and indefinite  
 (c) Being determinate  
 (d) All of the above are correct
177. A large cup shaped female flower surrounded by clusters of male present in which type of inflorescence ?  
 (a) Cyathium (b) Hypanthodium  
 (c) Umbel (d) Racemose
178. Which of the following is the floral formula of Hibiscus rosa sinensis (Gurhal) ?  
 (a)  $\text{Epi}_{5-7}, \oplus \overset{\uparrow}{\text{O}} \text{K}_{(5)} \widehat{\text{C}}_5 \text{A}_{(\infty)} \text{G}_{(5)}$   
 (b)  $\text{Epi}_{5-7}, \% \overset{\uparrow}{\text{O}} \text{K}_{(2+2+1)} \widehat{\text{C}}_4 \text{A}_{10} \text{G}_{(2)}$   
 (c)  $\text{Epi}_{5-7}, \oplus \overset{\uparrow}{\text{O}} \text{K}_{(4)} \widehat{\text{C}}_4 \text{A}_2 \text{G}_{(1)}$   
 (d)  $\text{Epi}_{5-7}, \oplus \overset{\uparrow}{\text{O}} \text{K}_{(9+1)} \text{C}_{(9+1)} \text{A}_{(\infty)} \text{G}_{(5)}$
179. Which one of the following is an example of leaflet tendril having pinnate compound leaf ?  
 (a) Lathyrus aphaca (b) Pisum sativum  
 (c) Tropaeolum mojus (d) Gloriosa superba
180. Winged-seeds are found in :  
 (a) Pinus  
 (b) Cycas  
 (c) Both Cycas and Pinus  
 (d) None of the above